

## Data sheet

# Hand operated regulating valves

## Types REG-SA and REG-SB



REG-SA and REG-SB are angleway and straightway hand operated regulating valves, which act as normal shut-off valves in closed position.

The valves are available in two different versions – REG-SA and REG-SB designed for regulation purposes in liquid and expansion lines.

The valves are designed to meet the strict quality requirements on refrigerating installations specified by the international classification societies and are carefully designed to present favourable flow conditions and accurate linear characteristics.

REG-SA and REG-SB are equipped with vented cap and internal backseating enables replacement of the spindle seal whilst the valve is active, i.e. under pressure.

### Features

- Applicable to HCFC, HFC, R717 (Ammonia), R744 (CO<sub>2</sub>), Propane, Butane, Iso-Butane and Ethane. R717 Heat Pump and Propylene applications with replaced O-ring.
- Modular Concept:
  - Each valve housing is available with several different connection types and sizes.
  - Possible to convert REG-SA or REG-SB to any other product in the Flexline™ SVL family (shut-off valve, check & stop valve, check valve or strainer) just by replacing the complete top part.
- Fast and easy valve overhaul service. It is easy to replace the top part and no welding is needed.
- Designed to ensure perfect regulation
- Internal backseating enables replacement of the spindle seal whilst the valve is active, i.e. under pressure.
- Easy to disassemble for inspection and possible repair.
- Long neck versions (DN 15 to DN 40) for insulated systems available from parts programme.
- Max. operating pressure: 52 bar g (754 psi g)
- Temperature range: –60/+150°C (–76/+302°F)
- Acts as a normal shut-off valve in closed position.
- Housing and bonnet material is low temperature steel according to requirements of the Pressure Equipment Directive and other international classification authorities.
- Exact capacity and setting of the valve can be calculated for all refrigerants by means of Coolselector®2 (Danfoss calculation and selection software).
- Classification: DNV, CRN, BV, EAC etc. To get an updated list of certification on the products please contact your local Danfoss Sales Company.

## Design

### Housing

Housing is Standard SVA angleway or straightway housing allowing other inserts from the SVL platform to be installed.  
Material is special, cold resistant steel

### Connections

Available with the following connections:

- Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)  
– DN 10 - 40 ( $\frac{3}{8}$  -  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in.)
- Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 40)  
– DN 50 - 65 (2 -  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in.)
- Socket weld (ANSI B 16.11)  
– DN 15 - 40 ( $\frac{1}{2}$  -  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in.)
- FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)  
– DN 15 - 32 ( $\frac{1}{2}$  -  $1\frac{1}{4}$  in.)

### The cone

The valves are available in two different versions – REG-SA with an A cone and REG-SB with a B cone. The A cone is designed for expansion lines, while the B cone is designed for regulating purposes e.g. liquid lines.

The valve cone is designed to ensure perfect regulation and provide an extensive regulating area. Irrespective of the refrigerant used, it is easy to obtain the correct capacity. A cone seal ring provides perfect sealing at a minimum closing momentum.

The valve cone can be turned on the spindle, thus there will be no friction between the cone and the seat when the valve is opened and closed.

### Spindle

The spindle is made of polished stainless steel, which is ideal for O-ring sealing.

### Packing gland - REG-SA and REG-SB

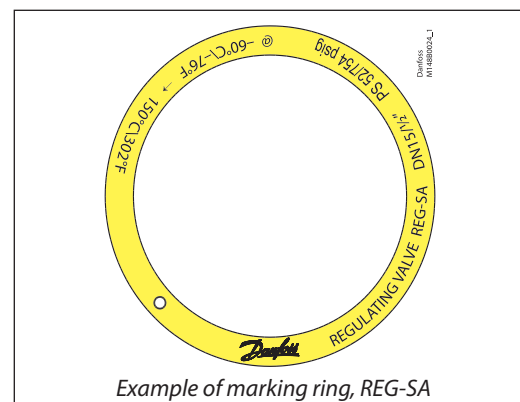
The “full temperature range” packing gland ensures perfect tightness in the whole range:  $-60/+150^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-76/+302^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). The packing glands are equipped with a scraper ring to prevent penetration of dirt and ice.

### Installation

Install the valve with the spindle up or in horizontal position. The flow must be directed towards the cone.

The valve is designed to withstand high internal pressure. However, the piping system in general should be designed to avoid liquid traps and reduce the risk of hydraulic pressure caused by thermal expansion.

For further information refer to product instruction for REG-SA and REG-SB.



### Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)

REG valves are approved according to the European standard specified in the Pressure Equipment Directive and are CE marked.



REG-SA and REG-SB valves			
Nominal bore	DN = < 25 mm (1 in.)	DN32-80 mm ( $\frac{1}{4}$ - 3 in.)	DN100 - 125 mm (4 - 5 in.)
Classified for	Fluid group I		
Category	Article 3, paragraph 3	II	III

## Technical data

### Refrigerants

Applicable to HCFC, HFC, R717 (Ammonia), R744 ( $\text{CO}_2$ ), Propane, Butane, Iso-Butane and Ethane. R717 Heat Pump and Propylene applications with replaced O-ring.

### Temperature range

$-60/+150^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-76/+302^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

### Max working pressure

52 bar g (754 psi g)

### Flow coefficients

Flow coefficients for fully opened valves from  $k_v = 0.15$  to  $80 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  ( $C_v = 0.17$  to  $92.5 \text{ USgal}/\text{min}$ ).

## Computation and selection

### Introduction

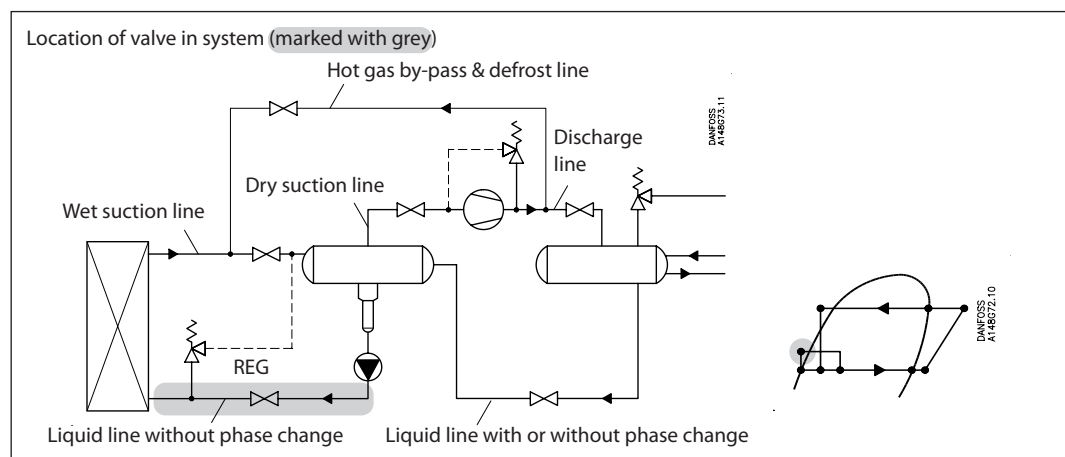
In refrigeration plants, hand operated regulating valves are primarily used in liquid lines in order to regulate the flow of refrigerant. The valves can, however, also be used as expansion valves. From a calculation point of view the two fields of application are very different.

Normal flow is the term used to describe the general case where the flow through the valve is proportional to the square root of the pressure drop across it and inversely proportional to the density of the refrigerant (Bernoulli's equation).

This relationship between mass flow, pressure drop and density satisfies the majority of all valve applications with refrigerants and brines.

Normal flow is characterised by turbulent flow through the valve without any phase change. The following capacity curves are based on the above mentioned assumption.

Application of the hand operated regulating valves outside the normal flow area will reduce the capacity of the valve considerably. In such cases it is recommended to use Coolselector®2 (Danfoss calculation and selection software).



### Sizing hand operated regulating valve for liquid flow

Liquid refrigerants: Use the liquid tables, fig. 6 - 10. For other refrigerants and brines, "Normal flow" (Turbulent flow); see below and use the flow coefficient tables (fig. 1 - 5).

#### SI-units

Mass flow:

$$k_v = \frac{G}{\sqrt{\rho \times 1000 \times \Delta p}} = G \times C_A \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$$

Volume flow:

$$k_v = \frac{\dot{V}}{\sqrt{\frac{1000 \times \Delta p}{\rho}}} \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$$

#### Imperial units

Mass flow:

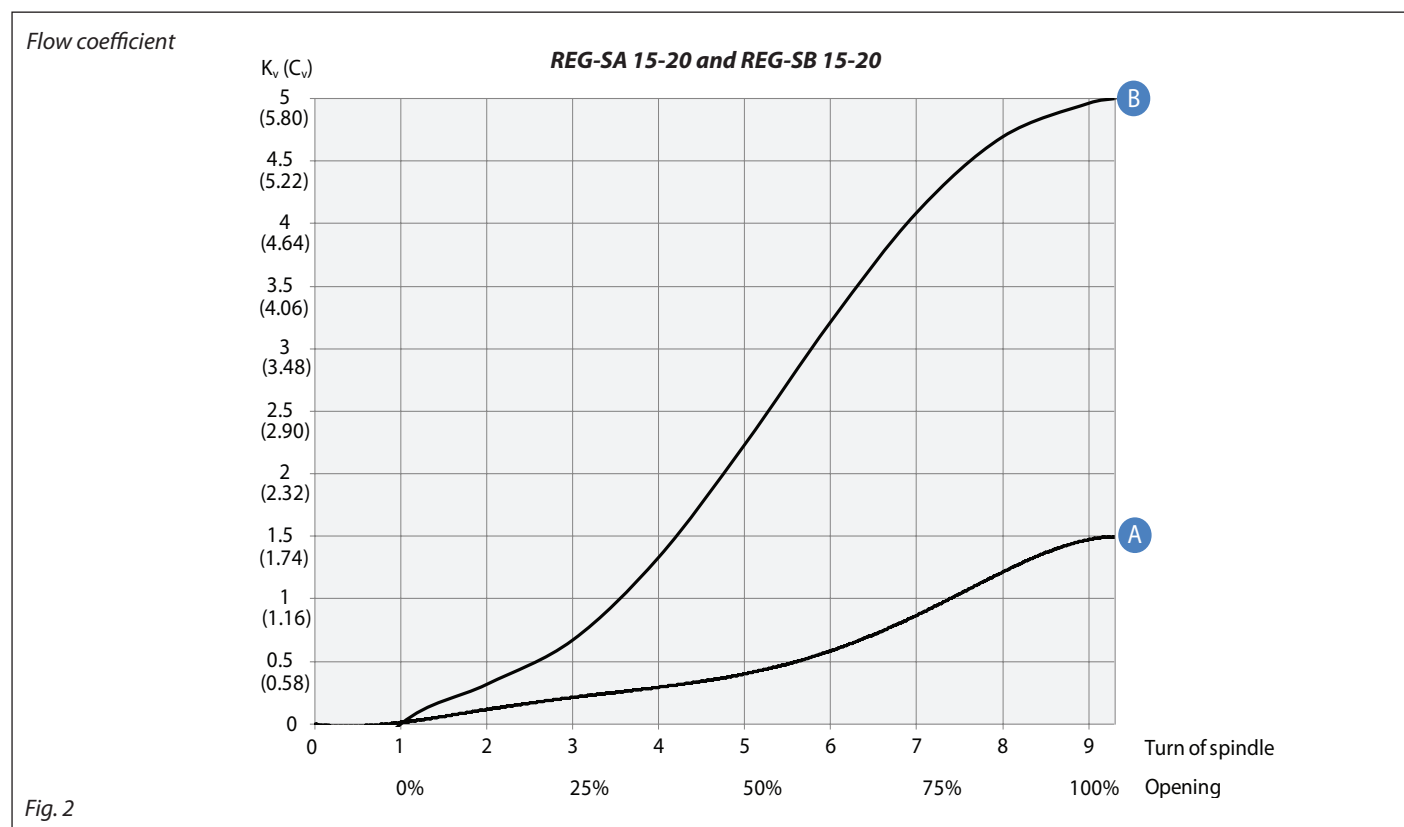
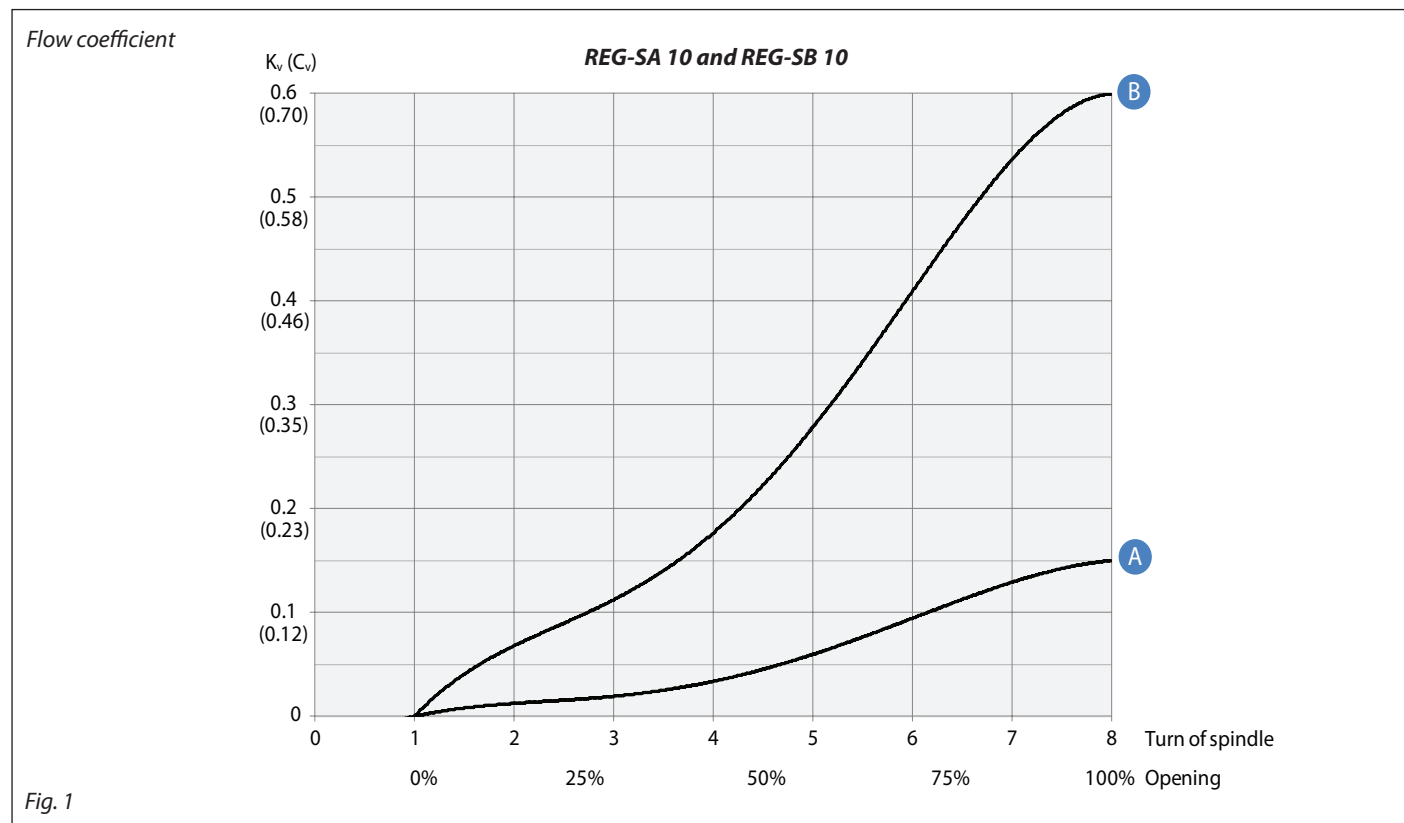
$$C_v = \frac{0.95 \times G}{\sqrt{\rho \times \Delta p}} = 31.6 \times G \times C_A \text{ [USgal/min.]}$$

Volume flow:

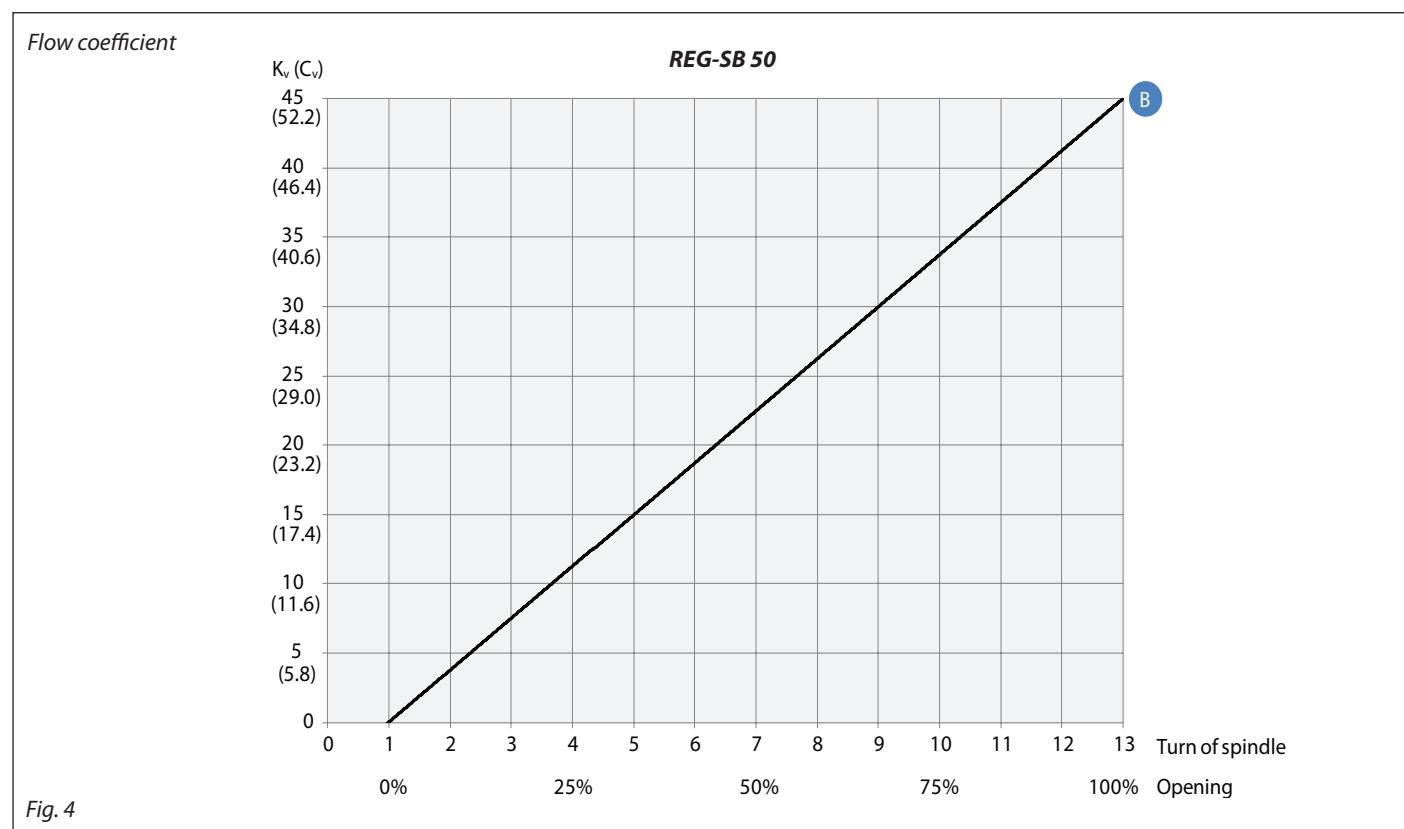
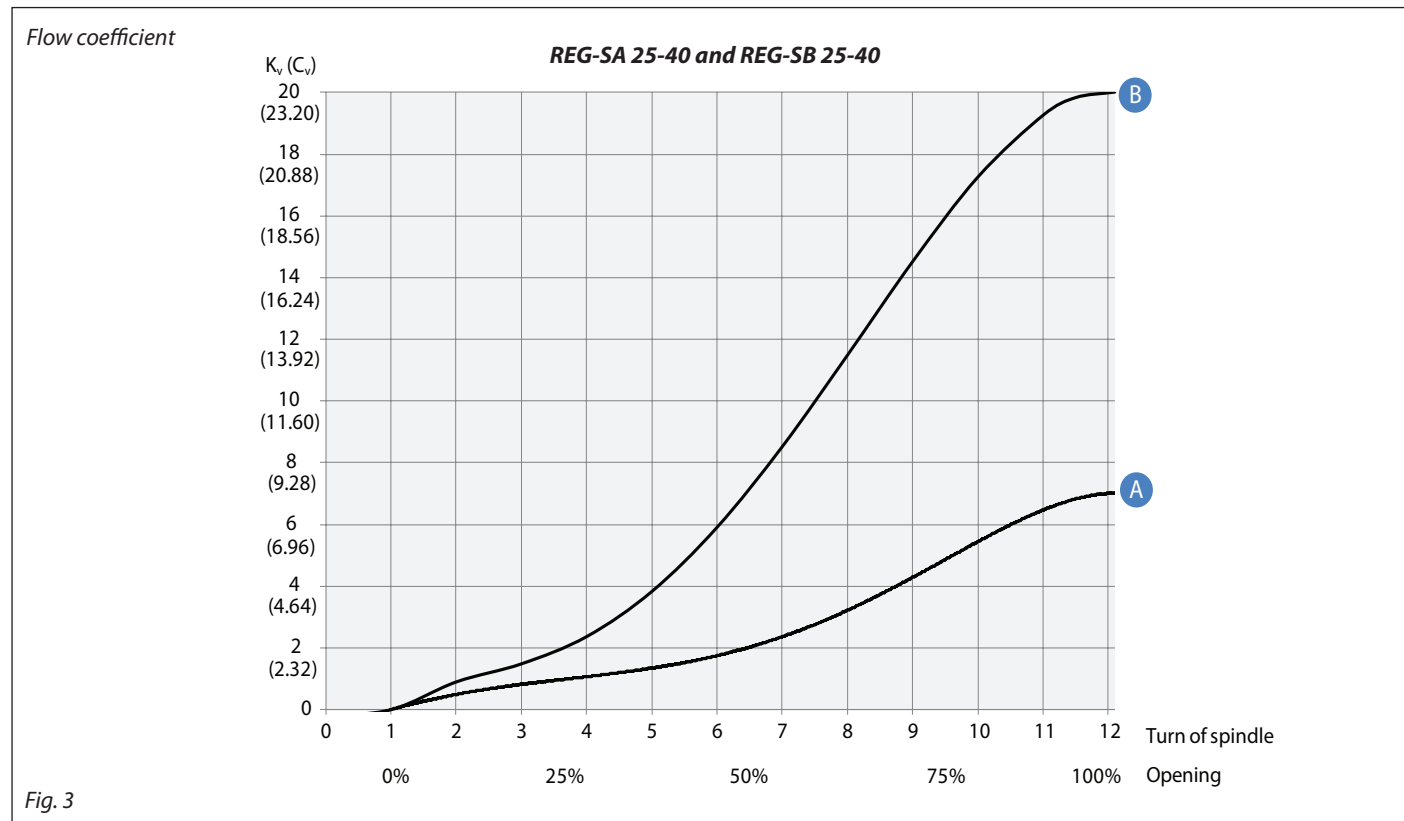
$$C_v = \frac{0.127 \times \dot{V}}{\sqrt{\frac{\Delta p}{\rho}}} \text{ [USgal/min.]}$$

$k_v$	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	Quantity [m <sup>3</sup> /h] of water flowing through a valve at a pressure loss of 1 bar (according to VDE/VDI Norm 2173).	$C_v$	[US gal/min]	Quantity [US gal/min] of water flowing through a valve at a pressure loss of 1 psi.
$P_1$	[bar]	Pressure before the valve (upstream).	$P_1$	[psi]	Pressure before the valve (upstream).
$P_2$	[bar]	Pressure after the valve (downstream).	$P_2$	[psi]	Pressure after the valve (downstream).
$\Delta p$	[bar]	Actual pressure loss across the valve ( $P_1 - P_2$ ).	$\Delta p$	[psi]	Actual pressure loss across the valve ( $P_1 - P_2$ ).
$G$	[kg/h]	Mass flow through the valve.	$G$	[lb/min]	Mass flow through the valve.
$\dot{V}$	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	Volume flow through the valve.	$\dot{V}$	[US gal/min]	Volume flow through the valve.
$\rho$	[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Density of the refrigerant before the valve.	$\rho$	[lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ]	Density of the refrigerant before the valve.
$C_A$		Calculation factor (fig. 11).	$C_A$		Calculation factor (fig. 11).

# Computation and selection



Computation and selection (Continued)



Computation and selection (Continued)

Flow coefficient

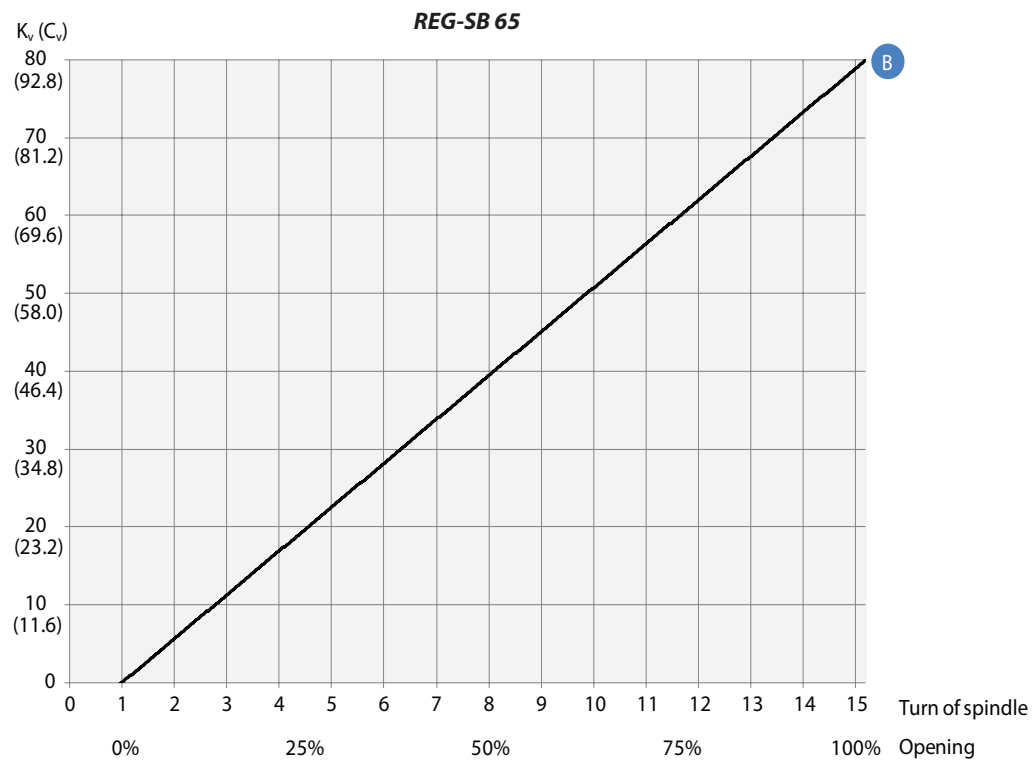
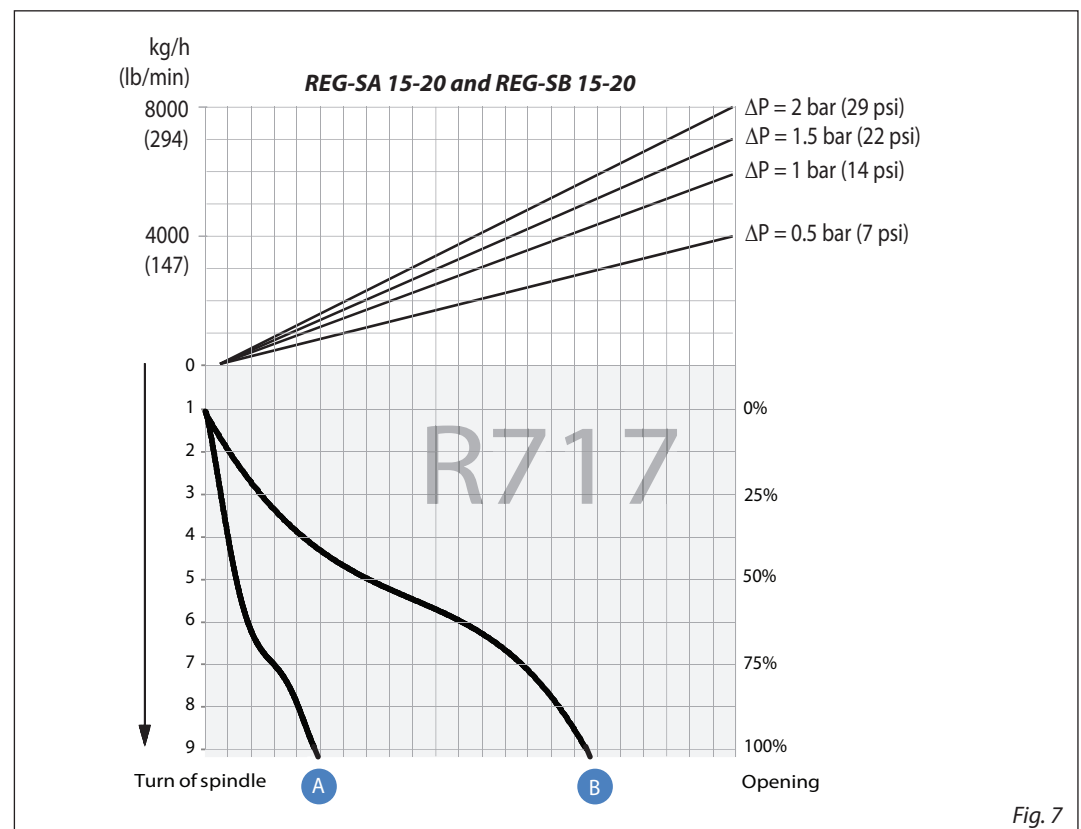
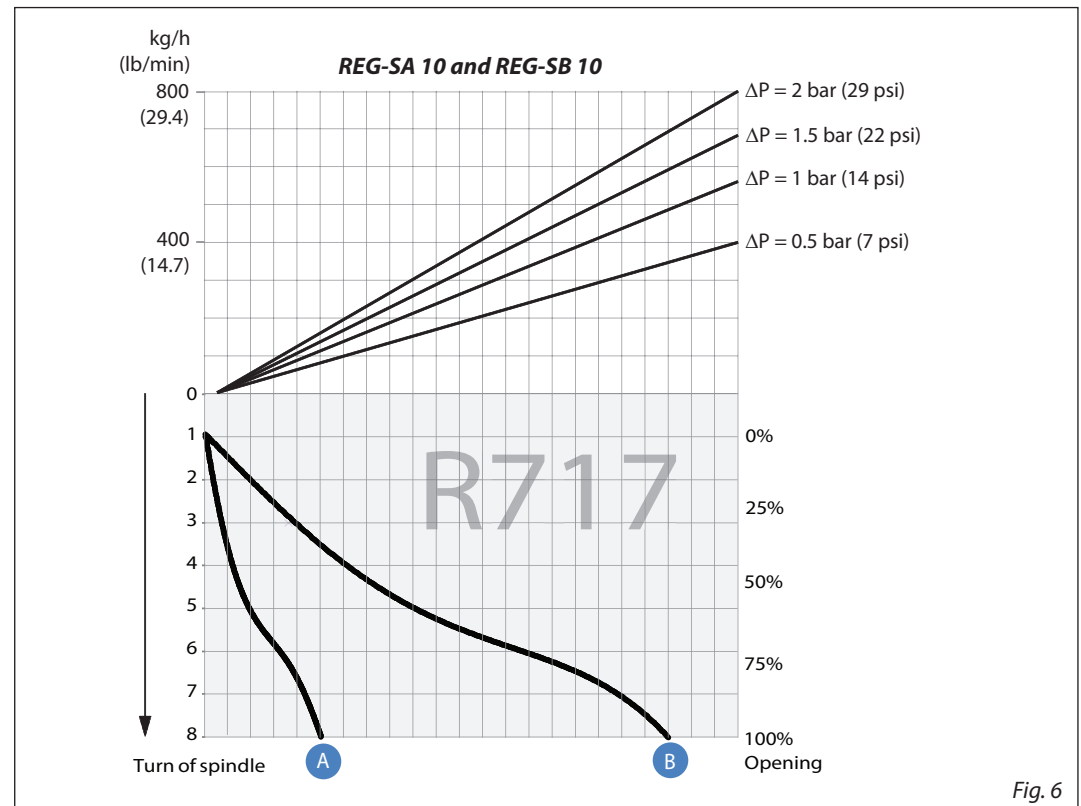


Fig. 5

**Computation and selection**  
(Continued)

Liquid R 717, density: 670 kg/m<sup>3</sup> [42 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>]

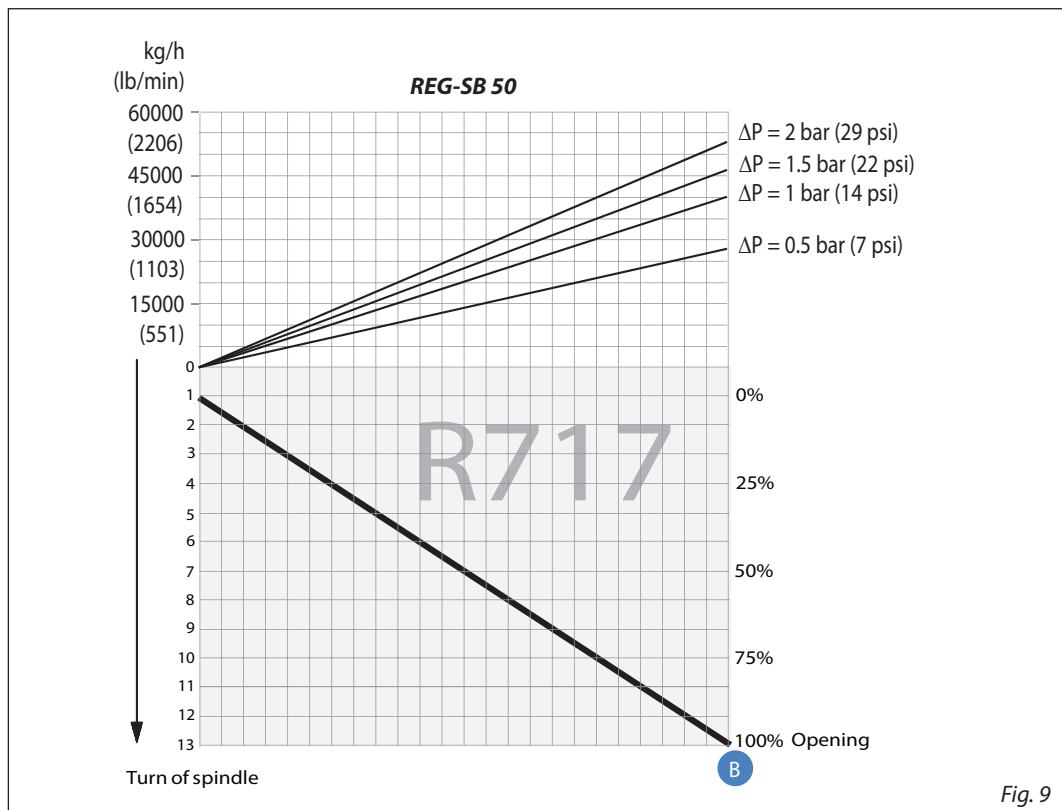
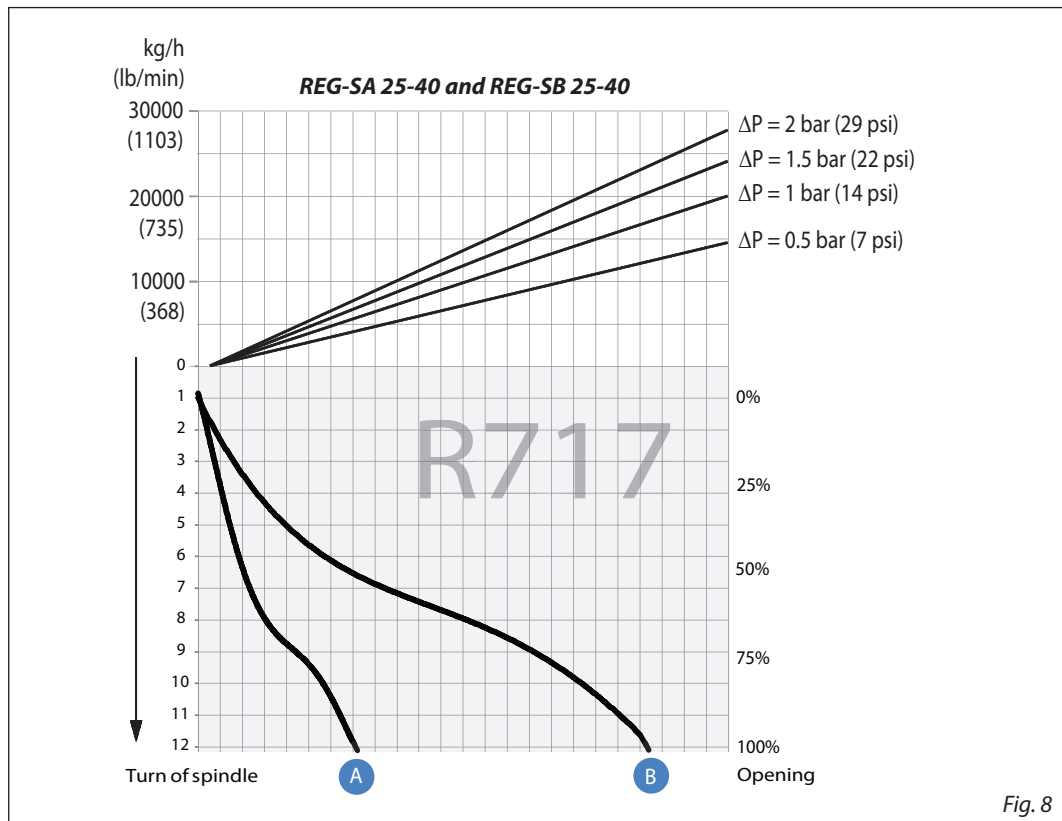


For choice of valve size and connection see "Connections".

**Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB**

**Computation and selection**  
(Continued)

Liquid R 717, density: 670 kg/m<sup>3</sup> [42 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>]



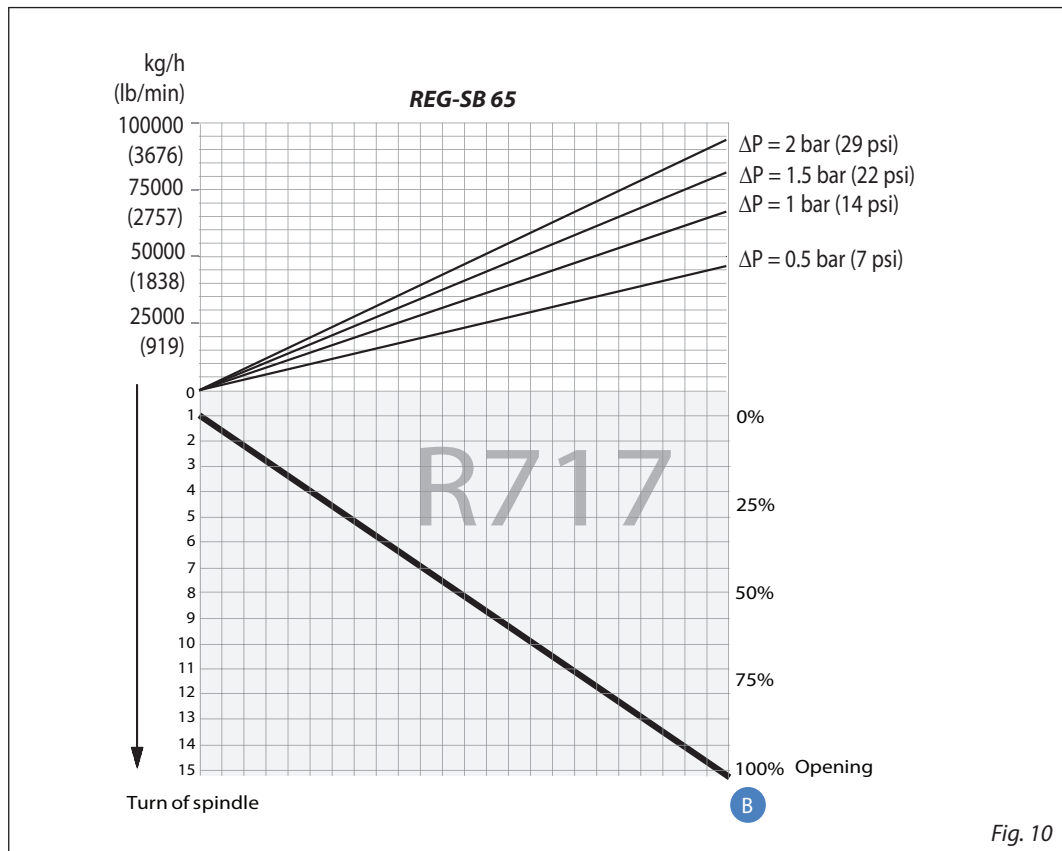
For choice of valve size and connection see "Connections".



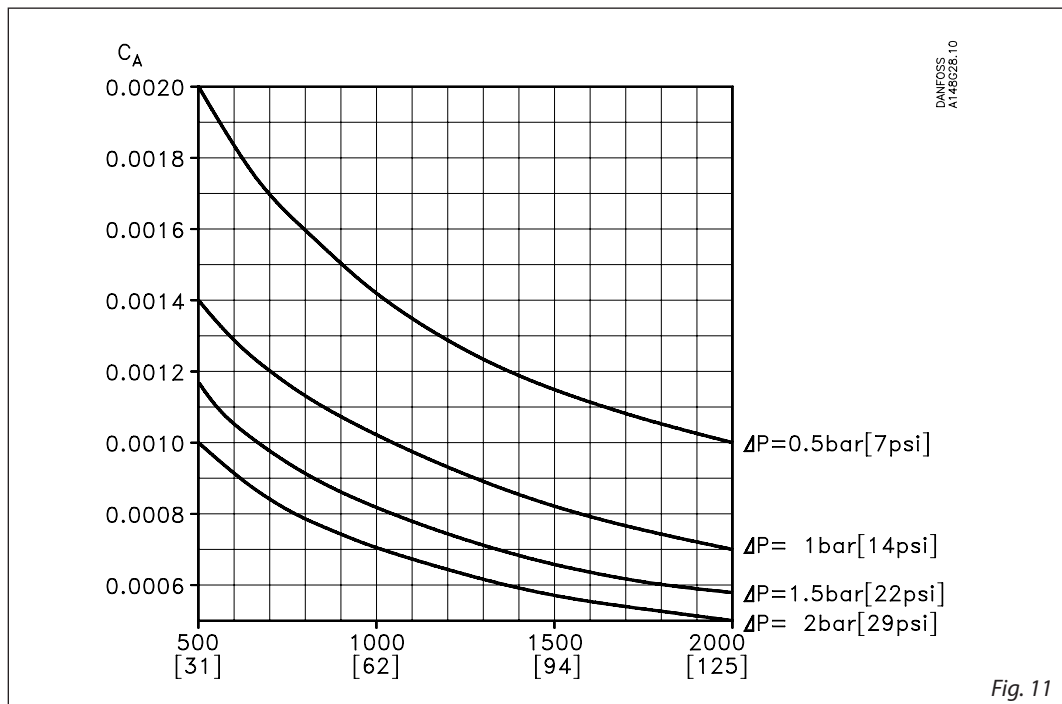
Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB

Computation and selection  
(Continued)

Liquid R 717, density: 670 kg/m<sup>3</sup> [42 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>]



Calculation factor  $C_A$



For choice of valve size and connection see "Connections".

**Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB**

**Computation and selection**

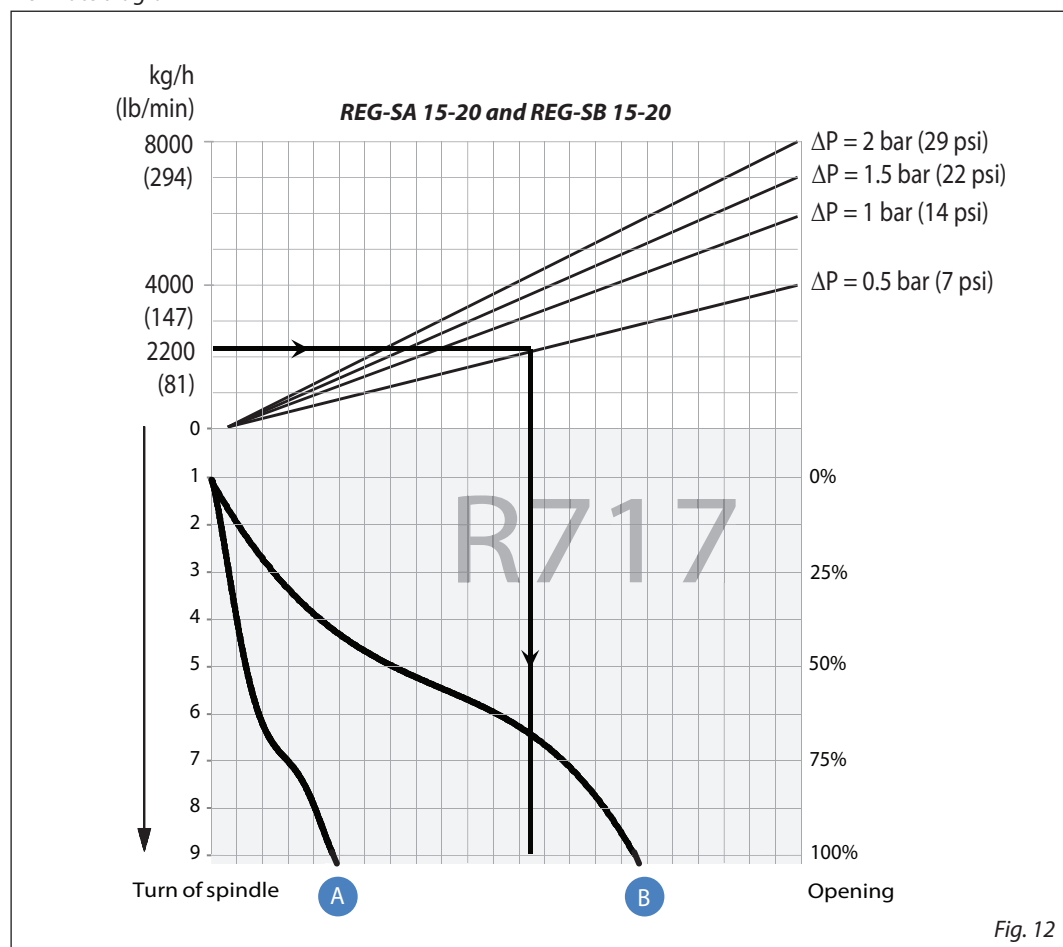
Example 1.

Refrigerant: R 717  
Refrigerant flow: 2200 kg/h  
Pressure drop:  $\Delta p = 0.5$  bar

The above mentioned example is illustrated on the following flow rate diagram and shows that REG-SB 15 and 20 with cone B can be used. The main rule is that nominal regulation range should be below 85% opening degree. If the arrowline is crossing 2 cone curves, the smaller cone should be selected if opening degree < 85%.

The example is only correct if the density of the refrigerant is approx. 670 (kg/m<sup>3</sup>), and there must be no build-up of flash gas in the valve.

Flow rate diagram



**Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB**

**Computation and selection**

Example 2.

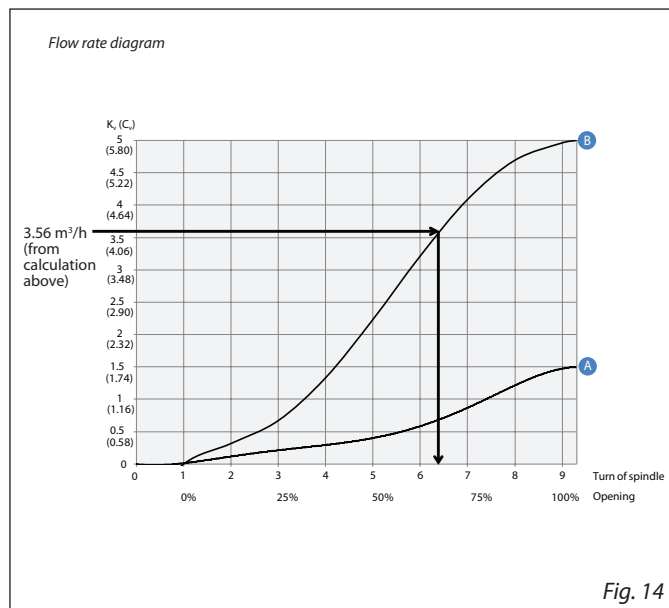
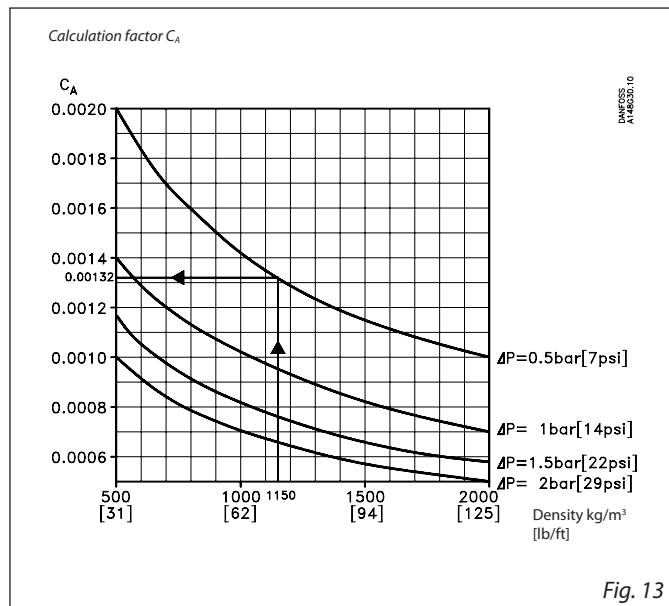
Brine, density  $\rho$ : 1150 [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]  
 Brine flow  $G$ : 2,700 [kg/h]  
 Pressure drop  $\Delta p$ : 0.5 [bar]

In this example it is not possible to use the selection diagrams (fig. 6 - 10) as the refrigerant in question is not included.

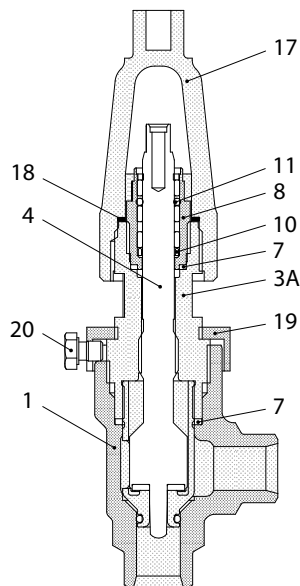
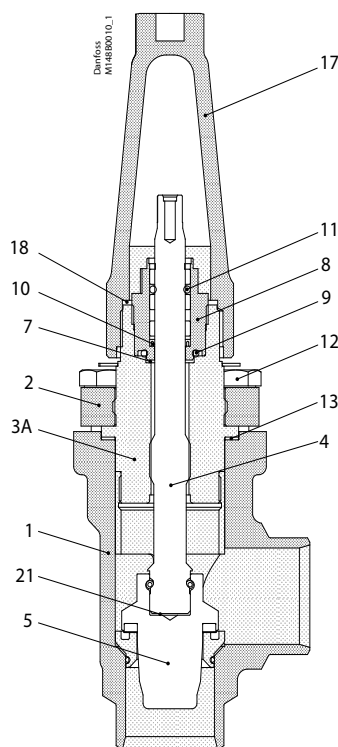
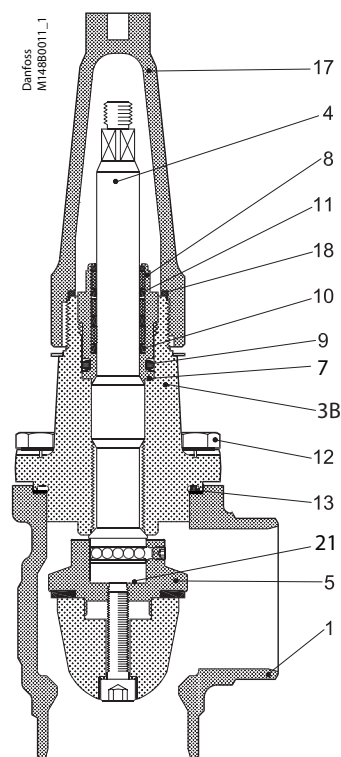
Use the curves of the  $k_v$ -values instead (fig. 1 - 5) and calculate the required  $k_v$  by means of the formulas in the "Introduction" passage at the beginning of this chapter. Alternatively calculate the  $k_v$ -values by means of the calculation factor  $C_A$  (fig. 13) and the flow rate diagram (in this example: fig. 14) as per the following calculation example.

**Calculation example:**

Required  $k_v$ -value  
 $C_A = 0.00132$  (from fig. 18)  
 $k_v = C_A \times G$   
 $k_v = 0.00132 \times 2,700$  [kg/h]  
 $= 3.56$  [m<sup>3</sup>/h]



REG-SB 15 and REG-SB 20  
 with cone B can be used.

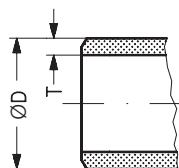
**Material specification**
*REG-SA and REG-SB 10*

*REG-SA and REG-SB 15 - 40*

*REG-SA and REG-SB 50 - 65*


No.	Part	Material	EN	ISO	ASTM
1	Housing	Steel	G20Mn5QT, 10213-3 P285QH+QT, 10222-4		LCC, A352 LF2, A350
2	DN 15 - 40 (½ - 1½ in.) – Bonnet, Flange	Steel	P275 NL EN10028-3		A A662
3A	DN 10 - 40 (¾ - 1½ in.) – Bonnet, Insert	Steel	11SMn30 10087	Type 2, R 683-9	1213 SAE J403
3B	DN 50 - 65 (2 - 2½ in.) – Bonnet, Flange	Steel	P285QH+QT 10222-4		LF2 A350
4	Spindle DN 10 - 65 (¼ - 2½ in.)	Stainless steel	X8CrNiS 18-9, 17440	Type 17, 683/13	AISI 303
5	Cone	Steel			
7	Packing washer	Aluminium			
8	Packing gland	Stainless Steel	X8CrNiS 18-9, 10088	Type 17, 683/13	AISI 303
9	O-ring	Cloroprene (Neoprene)			
10	Spring loaded Teflon ring	PTFE			
11	O-ring	Cloroprene (Neoprene)			
12	Bolts	Stainless steel	A2-70	A2-70	Type 308
13	Gasket	Fiber, non asbestos			
14	Bottom insert	Steel			
17	Seal cap	Aluminium			
18	Gasket f. seal cap	Nylon			
19	Locking nut	Steel			
20	Screw	Steel			
21	Disk spring	Steel			

Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB

Connections

ANSI



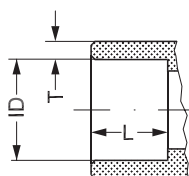
Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)

REG-SA / SB	10	3/8	17.2	3.2	0.677	0.126	A and B
REG-SA / SB	15	1/2	21.3	3.7	0.839	0.146	A and B
	2	3/4	26.9	4.0	1.059	0.158	
REG-SA / SB	25	1	33.7	4.6	1.327	0.181	A and B
	32	1 1/4	42.4	4.9	1.669	0.193	
	40	1 1/2	48.3	5.1	1.902	0.201	

Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 40)

REG-SB	50	2	60.3	3.9	2.37	0.15	B
REG-SB	65	2 1/2	73.0	5.2	2.87	0.20	B

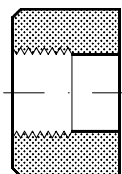
SOC



Socket welding ANSI (B 16.11)

	Size mm	Size in.	ID mm	T mm	ID in.	T in.	L mm	L in.	Cone
REG-SA / SB	15	1/2	21.8	6.0	0.858	0.235	10	0.39	A and B
	20	3/4	27.2	7.6	1.071	0.299	13	0.51	
REG-SA / SB	25	1	33.9	7.2	1.335	0.284	13	0.51	A and B
	32	1 1/4	42.7	6.1	1.743	0.240	13	0.51	
	40	1 1/2	48.8	6.6	1.921	0.260	13	0.51	
REG-SB	50	2	61.2	6.2	2.41	0.24	16	0.63	B

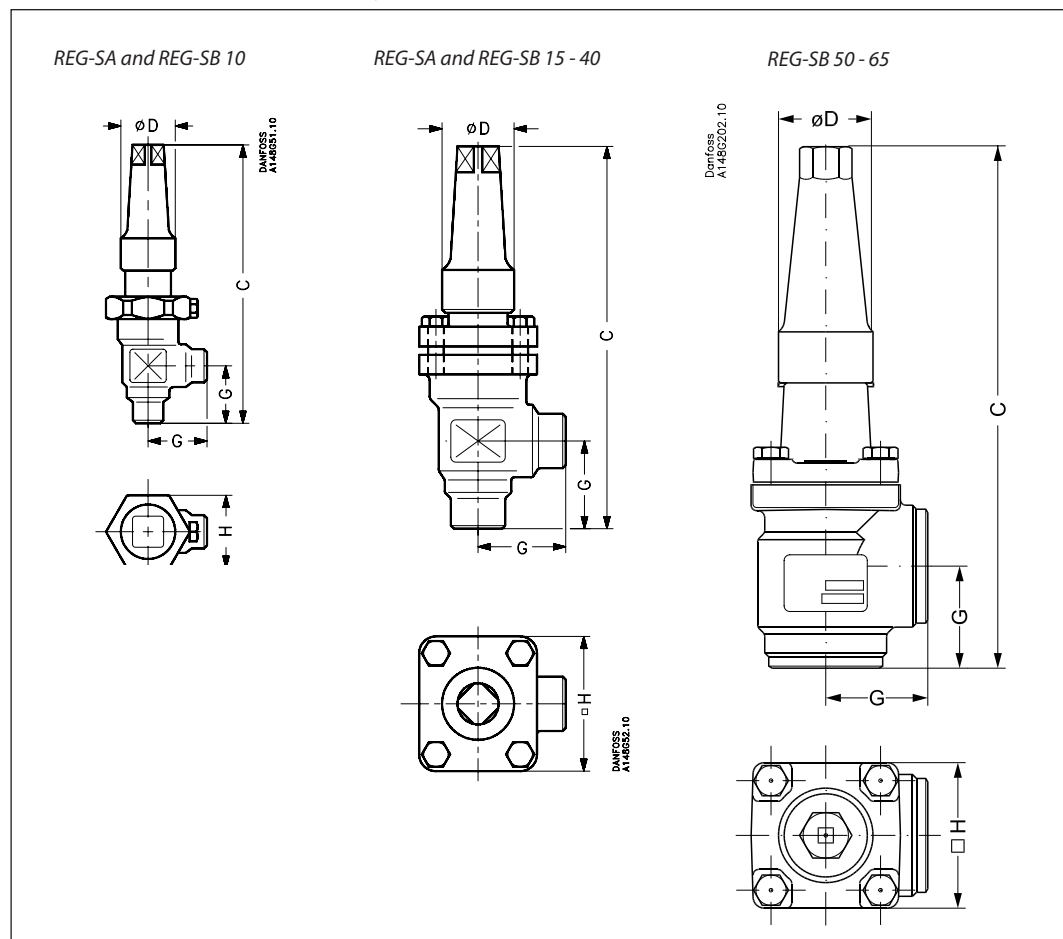
FPT



	Size mm	Size in.	Inside pipe thread	Cone
--	------------	-------------	--------------------	------

FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)

REG-SA / SB	15	1/2	(1/2 × 14 NPT)	A and B
	20	3/4	(3/4 × 14 NPT)	
REG-SA / SB	25	1	(1 × 11.5 NPT)	A and B
	32	1 1/4	(1 1/4 × 11.5 NPT)	

**Dimensions and weights**
*REG-SA and REG-SB 10 - 65 in angleway version*


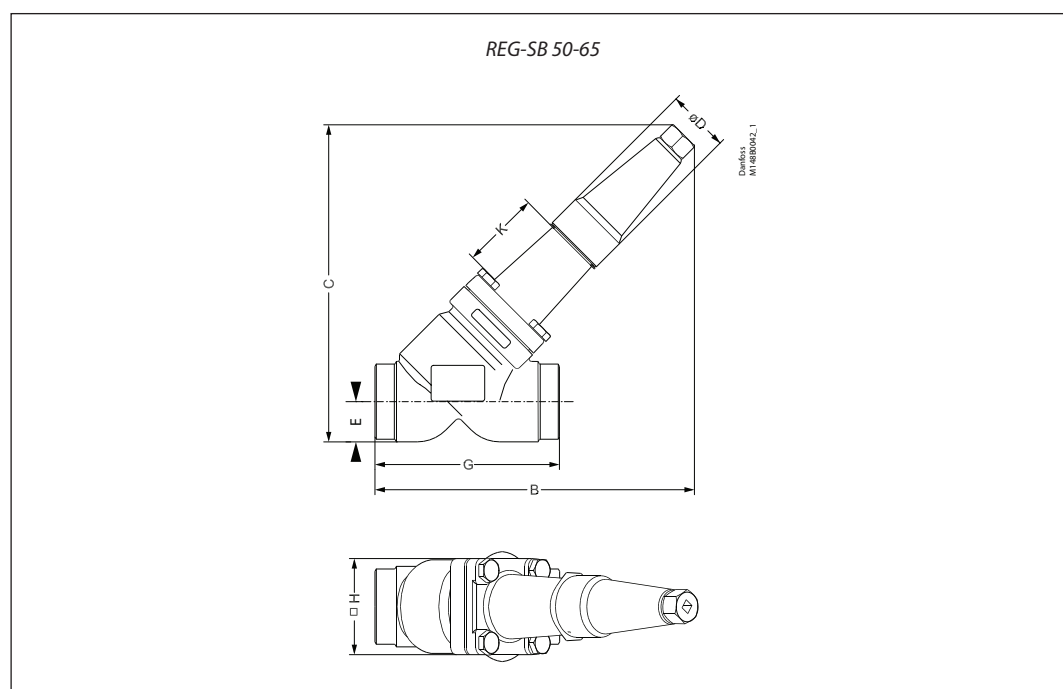
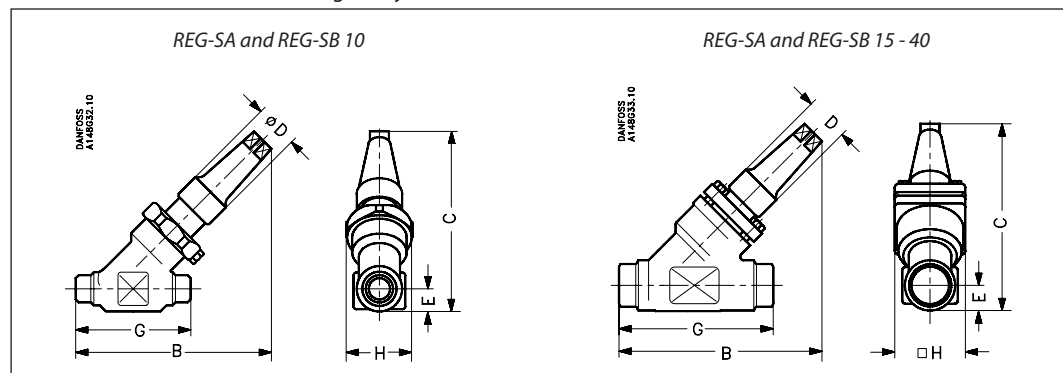
Valve size			C		G		ØD		□H		Weight
REG-SA/SB 10	mm		139		30		30		36		0.8 kg
	in.		5.47		1.18		1.18		1.42		1.8 lb
REG-SA/SB 15-20	mm		182		45		38		60		1.4 kg
	in.		7.17		1.77		1.50		2.36		3.1 lb
REG-SA/SB 25-40	mm		237		55		50		70		2.4 kg
	in.		9.33		2.17		1.97		2.76		5.3 lb
REG-SB 50	mm		315		60		50		77		3.2 kg
	in.		12.4		2.36		1.97		3.03		7.1 lb
	mm		335		70		50		90		4.8 kg
	in.		13.19		2.76		1.97		3.54		10.6 lb
REG-SA/SB 32 SOC	mm		275		62		50		70		2.9 kg
	in.		10.83		2.44		1.97		2.76		6.4 lb
	mm		275		62		50		70		2.9 kg
	in.		10.83		2.44		1.97		2.76		6.4 lb
	mm		320		65		50		77		4.1 kg
	in.		12.60		2.56		1.97		3.03		9.0 lb

Specified weights are approximate values only.

# Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB

## Dimensions and weights (cont.)

### REG-SA and REG-SB 10 - 65 in straightway version



Valve size		C	B	E	G	ØD	□H	Weight
REG-SA/SB 10	mm	110	120	13	70	30	36	0.8 kg
REG-SA/SB (3/8)	in.	4.33	4.72	0.51	2.76	1.18	1.42	1.8 lb
REG-SA/SB 15-20	mm	145	155	20	120	38	60	2.0 kg
REG-SA/SB (1/2-3/4)	in.	5.71	6.10	0.79	4.72	1.50	2.36	4.4 lb
REG-SA/SB 25-40	mm	200	215	26	155	50	70	3.0 kg
REG-SA/SB (1-1 1/2)	in.	7.87	8.46	1.02	6.10	1.97	2.76	6.6 lb
REG-SB 50	mm	257	250	32	148	50	77	4.2 kg
REG-SB (2 in.)	in.	10.12	10.20	1.26	5.83	1.97	3.03	9.3 lb
REG-SB 65	mm	280	284	40	176	50	90	6.3 kg
REG-SB (2 1/2 in.)	in.	11.02	11.18	1.57	6.93	1.97	3.54	13.9 lb
REG 32 SOC	mm	209	222	27.4	155	50	70	3.0 kg
REG (1 1/4) SOC	in.	8.23	8.74	1.08	6.10	1.97	2.76	6.6 lb
REG 40 SOC	mm	213	222	31.0	155	50	70	3.0 kg
REG (1 1/2) SOC	in.	8.39	8.74	1.22	6.10	1.97	2.76	6.6 lb
REG-SB 50 SOC	mm	261	266	37	162	50	77	5.1 kg
REG-SB (2 in.) SOC	in.	10.28	10.47	1.26	6.38	6.38	3.03	11.2 lb

Specified weights are approximate values only.

## Data sheet | Hand operated regulating valves, types REG-SA and REG-SB

### Ordering

#### How to order

The table below is used to identify the valve required.

Please note that the type codes only serve to identify the valves, some of which may not form part of the standard product range. For further information please contact your local Danfoss Sales Company.

#### Type codes

Valve type	REG	Hand operated regulating valves			
Nominal size in mm  (Valve size measured on the connection diameter)		Available connection types			
		A	SOC	FPT	
	10	DN 10	x		
	15	DN 15	x	x	x
	20	DN 20	x	x	x
	22	DN 22			
	25	DN 25	x	x	x
	32	DN 32	x	x	x
	40	DN 40	x	x	
	50	DN 50	x	x	
65	DN 65	x			
Connections	A	Welding branches: ANSI B 36.10 schedule 80, 15 - 40 (½ - 1½ in.) Welding branches: ANSI B 36.10 schedule 40, 50 - 65 (2 - 2½ in.)			
	SOC	Socket weld: ANSI B 16.11			
	FPT	NPT inside pipe thread: ANSI/ASME B1.20.1			
Valve housing	ANG	Angle flow			
	STR	Straight flow			
Cone A	Size:	Flow area [mm²]			
	DN 10	3.02			
	DN 15	36.5			
	DN 20	36.5			
	DN 25	178			
	DN 32	178			
	DN 40	178			
Cone B	Size:	Flow area [mm²]			
	DN 10	16			
	DN 15	115			
	DN 20	115			
	DN 25	531			
	DN 32	531			
	DN 40	531			
	DN 50	822			
	DN 65	1978			

#### Available combination between valve size, cone type and valve connection

Size	DN 10 (¾")		DN 15 (½")		DN 20 (¾")		DN 22 (7/8")		DN 25 (1")		DN 32 (1¼")		DN 40 (1½")		DN 50 (2")		DN 65 (2½")	
Cone type	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
ANSI	x	x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x		x		x
SOC			x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x		x		
FPT			x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x						

x = available



**Ordering**  
(continued)

**Important!**

Where products need to be certified according to specific certification societies or where higher pressures are required, the relevant information should be included at the time of order.

**Complete REG-SA (Cone type A)**
**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SA with cone type A**

10	$\frac{3}{8}$	REG-SA 10 A ANG	<b>148B5106</b>
15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 A ANG	<b>148B5202</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 A ANG	<b>148B5302</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 A ANG	<b>148B5402</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 A ANG	<b>148B5502</b>
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 40 A ANG	<b>148B5602</b>

**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SA with cone type A**

10	$\frac{3}{8}$	REG-SA 10 A STR	<b>148B5116</b>
15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 A STR	<b>148B5212</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 A STR	<b>148B5312</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 A STR	<b>148B5412</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 A STR	<b>148B5512</b>
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 40 A STR	<b>148B5612</b>

**Socket welding ANSI (B 16.11)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SA with cone type A**

15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 SOC ANG	<b>148B5204</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 SOC ANG	<b>148B5304</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 SOC ANG	<b>148B5404</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 SOC ANG	<b>148B5504</b>
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 40 SOC ANG	<b>148B5604</b>

**Socket welding ANSI (B 16.11)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SA with cone type A**

15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 SOC STR	<b>148B5214</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 SOC STR	<b>148B5314</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 SOC STR	<b>148B5414</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 SOC STR	<b>148B5514</b>
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 40 SOC STR	<b>148B5614</b>

**FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SA with cone type A**

15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 FTP ANG	<b>148B5206</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 FTP ANG	<b>148B5306</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 FTP ANG	<b>148B5406</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 FTP ANG	<b>148B5506</b>

**FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SA with cone type A**

15	$\frac{1}{2}$	REG-SA 15 FTP STR	<b>148B5216</b>
20	$\frac{3}{4}$	REG-SA 20 FTP STR	<b>148B5316</b>
25	1	REG-SA 25 FTP STR	<b>148B5416</b>
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	REG-SA 32 FTP STR	<b>148B5516</b>

A = Butt-weld ANSI  
SOC = Socket weld  
FPT = Inside pipe thread

ANG = Angleway  
STR = Straightway

**Ordering**  
(continued)

**Important!**

Where products need to be certified according to specific certification societies or where higher pressures are required, the relevant information should be included at the time of order.

**Complete REG-SB (Cone type B)**
**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SB with cone type B**

10	3/8	REG-SB 10 A ANG	<b>148B5107</b>
15	1/2	REG-SB 15 A ANG	<b>148B5203</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 A ANG	<b>148B5303</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 A ANG	<b>148B5403</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 A ANG	<b>148B5503</b>
40	1 1/2	REG-SB 40 A ANG	<b>148B5603</b>

**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 80)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SB with cone type B**

10	3/8	REG-SB 10 A STR	<b>148B5117</b>
15	1/2	REG-SB 15 A STR	<b>148B5213</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 A STR	<b>148B5313</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 A STR	<b>148B5413</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 A STR	<b>148B5513</b>
40	1 1/2	REG-SB 40 A STR	<b>148B5613</b>

**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 40)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SB with cone type B**

50	2	REG-SB 50 A ANG	<b>148B5706</b>
65	2 1/2	REG-SB 65 A ANG	<b>148B5806</b>

**Butt-weld ANSI (B 36.10 Schedule 40)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SB with cone type B**

50	2	REG-SB 50 A STR	<b>148B5724</b>
65	2 1/2	REG-SB 65 A STR	<b>148B5809</b>

**Socket welding ANSI (B 16.11)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SB with cone type B**

15	1/2	REG-SB 15 SOC ANG	<b>148B5205</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 SOC ANG	<b>148B5305</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 SOC ANG	<b>148B5405</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 SOC ANG	<b>148B5505</b>
40	1 1/2	REG-SB 40 SOC ANG	<b>148B5605</b>
50	2	REG-SB 50 SOC ANG	<b>148B5727</b>

**Socket welding ANSI (B 16.11)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SB with cone type B**

15	1/2	REG-SB 15 SOC STR	<b>148B5215</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 SOC STR	<b>148B5315</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 SOC STR	<b>148B5415</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 SOC STR	<b>148B5515</b>
40	1 1/2	REG-SB 40 SOC STR	<b>148B5615</b>
50	2	REG-SB 50 SOC STR	<b>148B5725</b>

**FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Angleway - REG-SB with cone type B**

15	1/2	REG-SB 15 FTP ANG	<b>148B5207</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 FTP ANG	<b>148B5307</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 FTP ANG	<b>148B5407</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 FTP ANG	<b>148B5507</b>

**FPT inside pipe thread, NPT (ANSI/ASME B 1.20.1)**

Size		Type	Code no.
mm	in.		

**Straightway - REG-SB with cone type B**

15	1/2	REG-SB 15 FTP STR	<b>148B5217</b>
20	3/4	REG-SB 20 FTP STR	<b>148B5317</b>
25	1	REG-SB 25 FTP STR	<b>148B5417</b>
32	1 1/4	REG-SB 32 FTP STR	<b>148B5517</b>

A = Butt-weld ANSI  
SOC = Socket weld  
FPT = Inside pipe thread

ANG = Angleway  
STR = Straightway



ENGINEERING  
TOMORROW

*Danfoss*